

CLUSTERING EVENT: "THE USE OF DEEP EUTECTIC SOLVENTS AND IONIC LIQUIDS FOR METAL RECOVERY"

Date: 11th May 2022
Time: 9:00 - 12:15 CEST
Location: Online event

ION4RAW



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The use of Deep Eutectic Solvents and Ionic Liquids in TARANTULA

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- The problem
- Aim of the project
- DES and ILs for W, Ta/Nb leaching and extraction
- A flow-sheet for the recovery of W, Ta/Nb
- Main goals achieved


The TARANTULA project




Recovery of Tungsten, Niobium and Tantalum occurring
as by-products in mining and processing waste streams

Grant agreement ID: 821159

 Ongoing

 1 June 2019 – 31 Nov 2023 (54 M)

 6.9 MEUR

Coordinator: TECNALIA (Spain)



Consortium: 16 partners covering the whole value chain



The problem

❑ Why W, Ta and Nb?

- Critical Raw Materials
for their increasing applications

74 183.85 6555 1.4 3407 W [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁴ 6s ² 19.3 2.3,4,5,6	73 180.948 5458 1.3 3014 Ta [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ³ 6s ² 16.6	41 92.906 4744 1.2 2467 Nb [Kr]4d ⁴ 5s 8.57 3.5
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	Tungsten	Tantalum	Niobium
Melting poing (°C)	3422	3017	2477
Hardness, Brinell (HB)	294	45	75
Tensile Strength @ 1000 °C (psi)	34,500	19,000	11,000
Resistivity (nΩ · m)	52.8	131	152

Excellent mechanical and physical properties

- ❖ High melting points
- ❖ High hardness
- ❖ High tensile strength
- ❖ High conductivity



- ✓ High performance alloys
- ✓ Superconducting magnets
- ✓ Capacitors
- ✓ High temperature applications



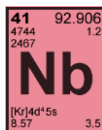
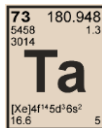
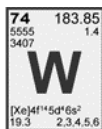
W, Ta, Nb used in high-tech
strategic technologies



The problem

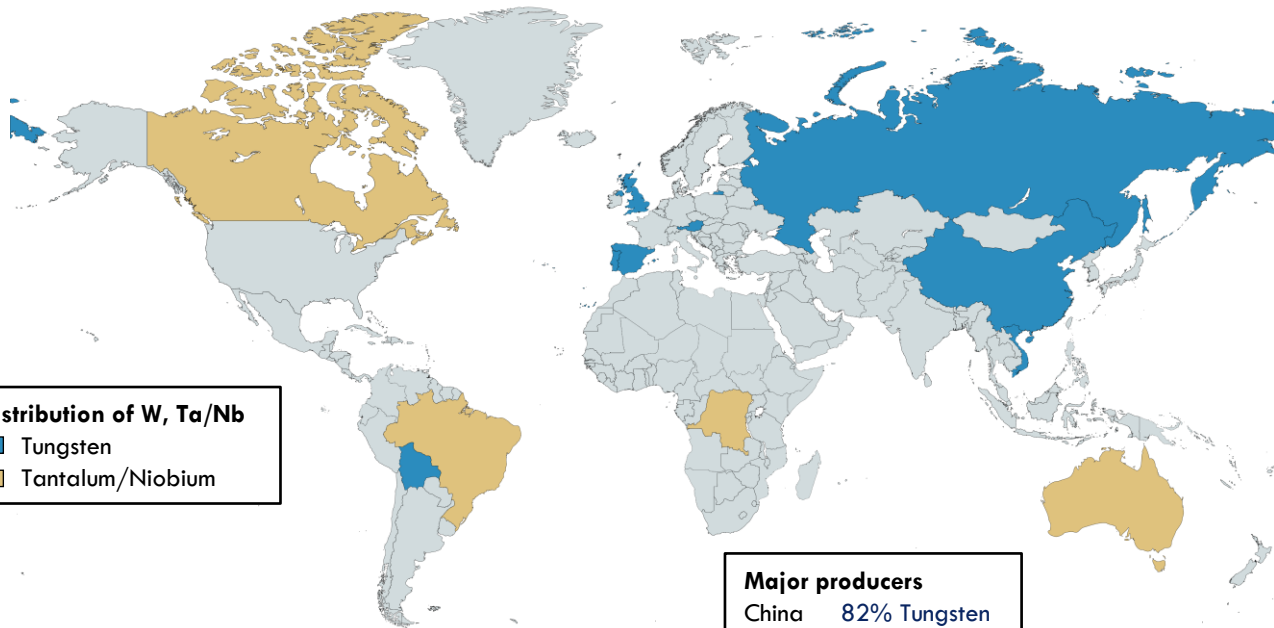
❑ Why W, Ta and Nb?

- Critical Raw Materials
for their scarcity in EU



Distribution of W, Ta/Nb

- Tungsten
- Tantalum/Niobium



Major producers

China	82% Tungsten
Brazil	90% Niobium
Rwanda	30% Tantalum

Aim of the project

To develop a suite of novel, efficient and flexible metallurgical technologies with high selectivity and recovery rates with respect to W, Nb and Ta

To reduce the dependence
from non-EU countries

How?

Valorization of unconventional European resources

- Waste from tungsten mining ($>0.1\text{-}0.3\%$ WO_3)
- Mining & smelting residues from tin (Sn) primary production ($>1\text{-}10\%$ Ta_2O_5)
- Process residues from the carbide cycle

W dumps at Salau
mine
 $\sim 1 \text{ Mt } 0.02\% \text{ WO}_3$

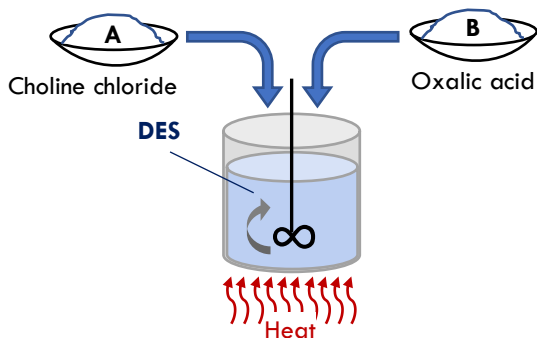


DES and ILs for W, Ta/Nb leaching and extraction

❑ Definitions

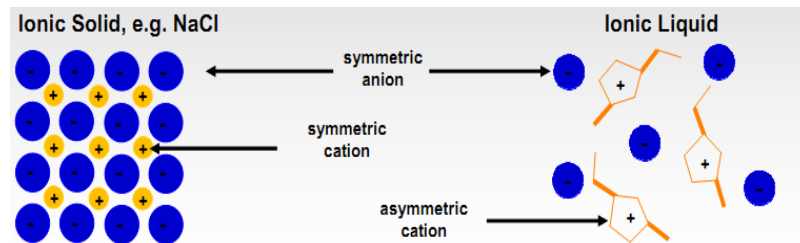
DEEP EUTECTIC SOLVENT (DES)

Systems formed from a eutectic mixture of Lewis or Brønsted acids and bases. They are classified as types of ionic solvents with special properties: eutectic with a melting point much lower than either of the individual components.



IONIC LIQUID (IL)

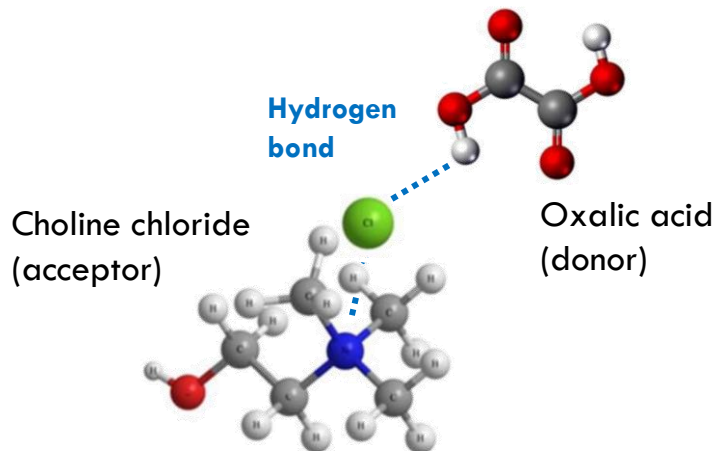
Compounds completely composed of ions with melting point below 100 °C, or even at room temperature.



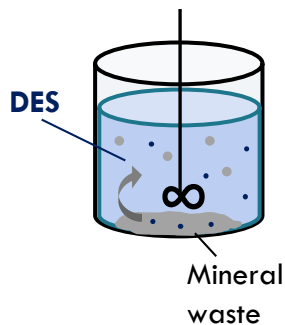
DES and ILs for W, Ta/Nb leaching and extraction

❑ DES for leaching

DES structure



DES leaching



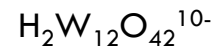
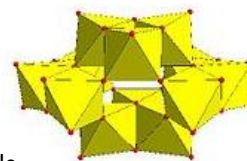
contains

- ❖ Scheelite CaWO_4
 - ❖ Columbite-tantalite $(\text{Fe,Mn})(\text{Nb,Ta})_2\text{O}_6^*$
- * The atomic ratio of elements (Ta, Nb, Fe, Mn) may be different

W and Ta/Nb are stabilized in DES as polyoxometallates* {

- ❖ WO_4^{2-} , $\text{H}_2\text{W}_{12}\text{O}_{42}^{10-}$
- ❖ $\text{M}_6\text{O}_{18}^{8-}$ ($\text{M} = \text{Nb, Ta}$)

* Polyoxometallates formulas used as example

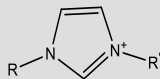


DES and ILs for W, Ta/Nb leaching and extraction

ILs for L-L extraction

Discrete ion type ionic liquid

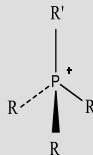
Common Cations



1,3-dialkylimidazolium

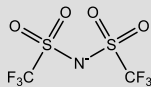


N,N-dialkylpyrrolidinium

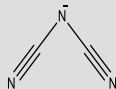


Tetraalkylphosphonium

Common anions



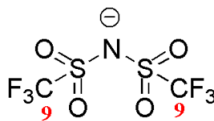
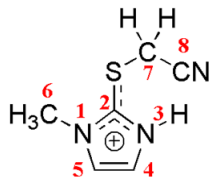
Bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide



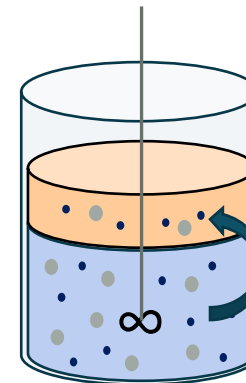
Dicyanamide



Tetrafluoroborate



IL extraction

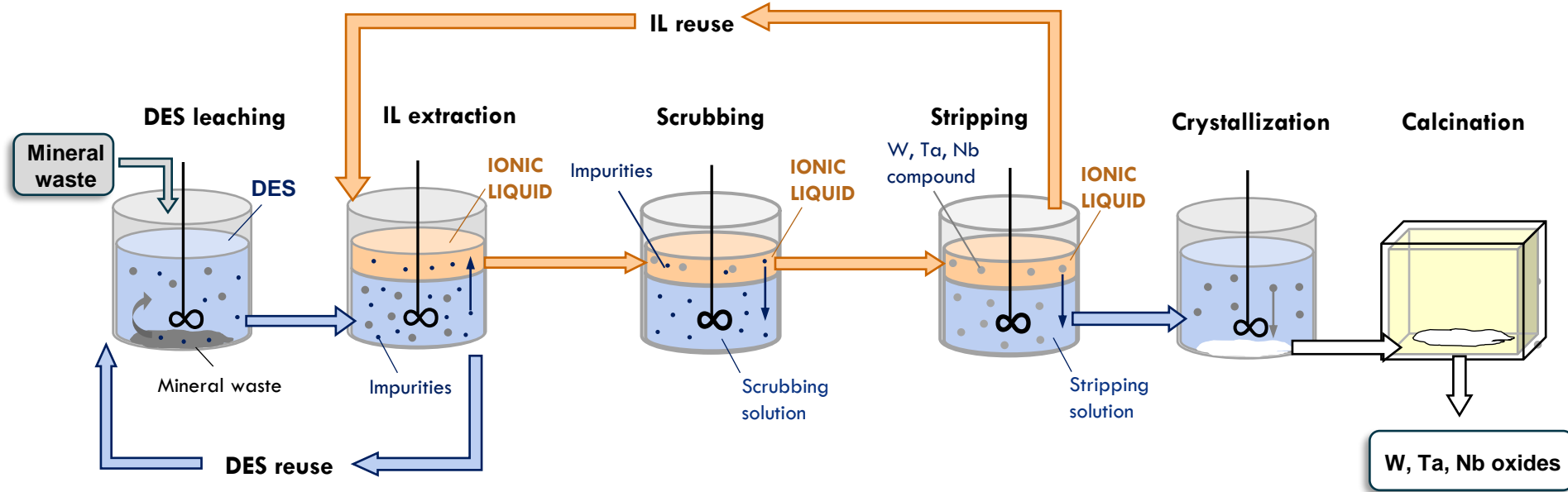


IONIC
LIQUID

DES

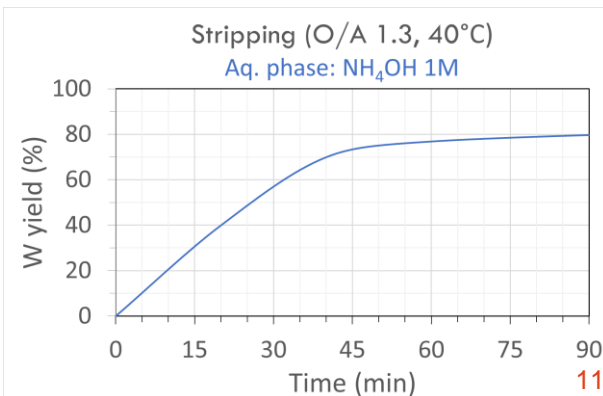
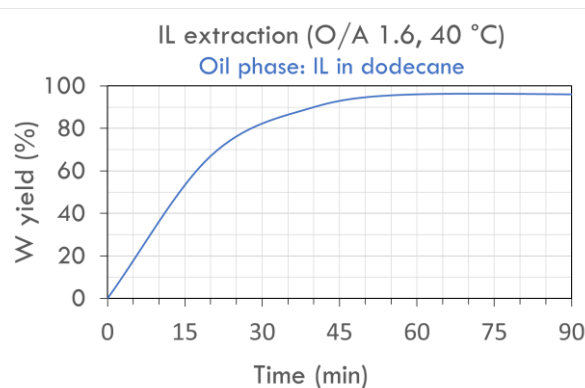
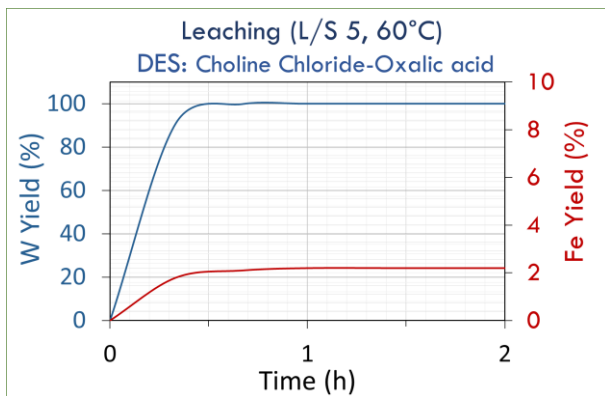
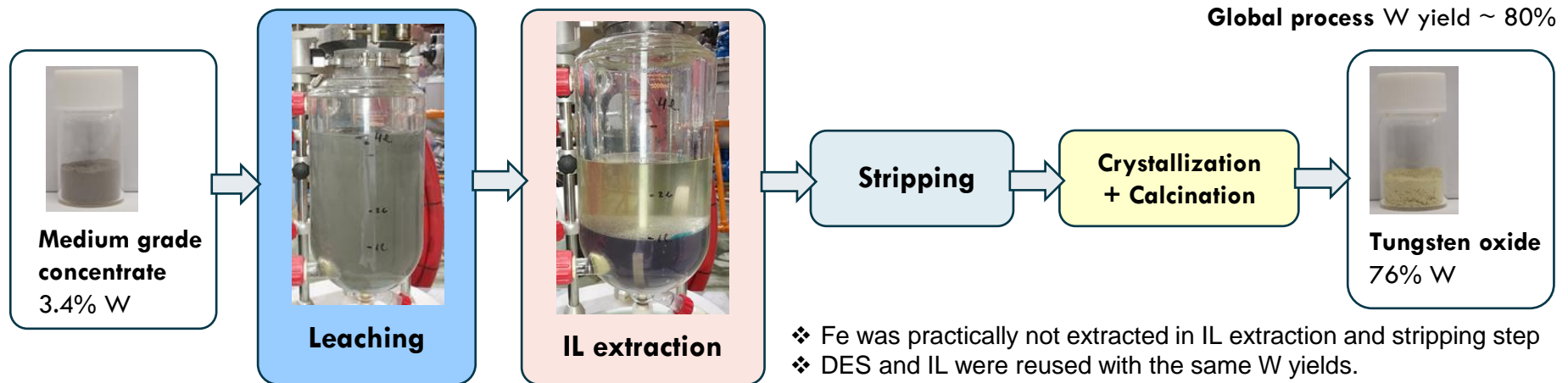
- ❖ Polyoxometallates are stabilized in the IL by the IL cation
- ❖ IL extraction is not selective:
 - Scrubbing and Stripping steps are needed to remove impurities and recover W or Ta/Nb

A flow-sheet for the recovery of W, Ta/Nb



Metallic W, Ta and Nb can be produced by electrodeposition from W, Ta and Nb oxides

Main goals achieved





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Thank you for your attention

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